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FOR TEACHERS





وزارت آ<mark>موزش و پرور</mark>ش سازمان پ<mark>ژوهش و</mark> برنامهریزی آموزش*ی*

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دفتر تألیف کتابهای درسی عمومی و متوسطه نظری

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کلیه حقوق مادی و معنوی این کتاب متعلق به سازمان پژوهش و برنامهریزی آموزشی وزارت آموزش و پرورش است و هرگونه استفاده از کتاب و اجزای آن به صورت چاپی و الکترونیکی و ارائه در پایگاه های مجازی، نمایش، اقتباس، تلخیص، تبدیل، ترجمه، عکسبرداری، نقاشی، تهیه فیلم و تکثیر به هر شکل و نوع، بدون کسب مجوز ممنوع است و متخلفان تحت پیگرد قانونی قرار می گیرند.



وَ مِن آیاتِهِ خَلقُ السَّماواتِ وَالاَرضِ وَاختِ لافُ لَسِنتِکُم وَ لَوانِکُم، اِنَّ فی ذٰلِ لَکلَآیاتِ لِلعالِمینَ

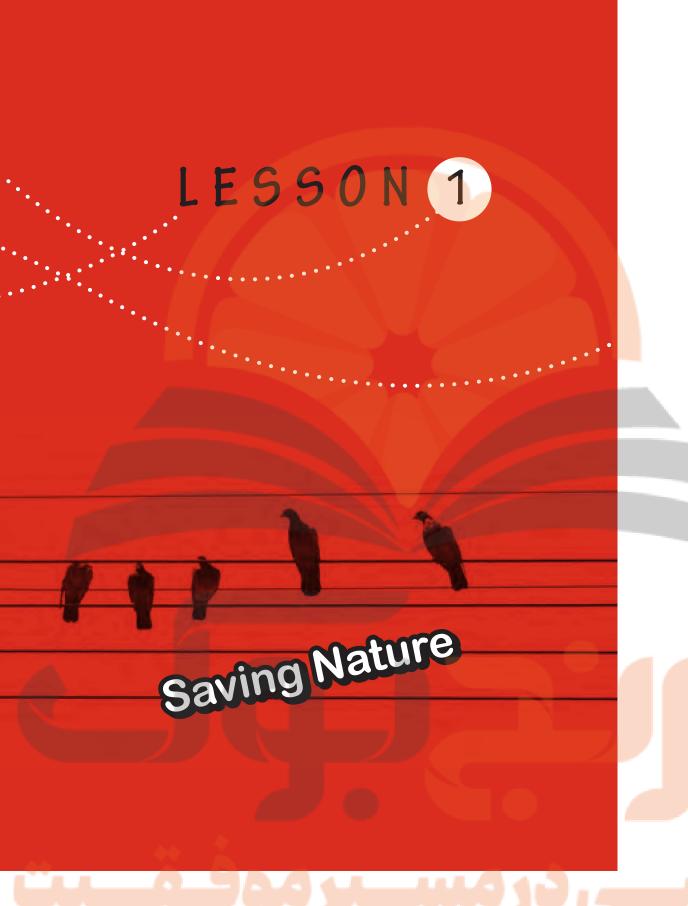
روم، ۲۲

و از نشانههای قدرت خداوند آفرینش آسمانها و زمین و نیز تفاوت زبانها و رنگهای شما انسانهاست؛ و به تحقیق در همه اینها نشانههایی از حکمت الهی برای دانشمندان نهفته است.

And of Allah's Signs of Power is the creation of the heavens and the earth and also the variation of the languages and the color of you people; verily, in all these are Signs for men of knowledge.

برگرفته از ترجمهٔ مرحومه دکتر طاهره صفّارزاده







Simple ways to protect wildlife

One easy way to protect wildlife is learning about the endangered animals that live around you. Teach your friends and family about the wonderful birds, fish and plants that live near your home. In this way, they are going to be more careful about nature. You can also visit a national wildlife museum or park. These places give good information about how to protect endangered animals and their homes. You can do voluntary work in these places to help animals and their babies.

Another thing you can do is protecting the natural home of the endangered animals. When you keep nature clean and safe, the animals will live longer. Protecting the trees of forests is also helpful. If you live in a village, you need to be very careful about the hunters who come to your village to hurt animals. Whenever you see these people, you need to call the police. These are simple things, but they will help nature a lot.



A. True or False 1) Learning about endangered animals is not important. TO FOFALSE 2) You can do voluntary work in wildlife parks. TO FO TRUE 3) Keeping nature clean hurts animals. TO FO FALSE B. Answer the following questions. 1) Is it good to give information to our family about wildlife? Yes, it is 2) Why is protecting the trees helpful for endangered animals? Because the trees are the natural home of these animals 3) Do you know another simple way to protect wildlife? سوال آخر معمولا opinion gap مي باشد و

A. Complete the chart. Write the things you did in the past and you will do in the future.



Verbs	Past tense	Future tense	
travel	I traveled to Isfahan last year.	I will travel to Shiraz next year.	
	I bought	I will(buy a new	
buy	(some milk yesterday)	house next month.)	
visit	I visited (my uncle today.)	I will visit my friend this evening.	
watch	I watched (the movie last night).	I will watch (the news this night.)	
go	I went (to Mashhad last year).	I will (go to Shiraz next year.)	

B. Reza is thinking about his trip to Kish and what he will do there. Look at the pictures and write what Reza will do there.



visit a wildlife museum

I will visit a wildlife museum.



go to a zoo.

I will go to a zoo.



enjoy nature
I will enjoy nature.



learn more about endangered animals

I will learn more about endangered animals.

C. Yes or No?

		Yes	No
1	School students will learn to help injured animals.		
2	The number of cheetahs will increase in the future.		
3	Iranians are going to protect endangered animals.		
4	When we keep earth clean and safe, animals will live longer.		



D. Read the following text. Complete it with 'to be going to' verbs.

Mr. Alavi is a teacher. Tomorrow, he and his students are going to go.....(go) on a school trip. They are going to go.....(go) to a park out of the city. They are going to leave(leave) the school at 9. They are going to stay... (stay) in the park till afternoon. They are going to go....(go) into nature and clean it. They are going to visit (visit) the aquarium in the park, too. Mr. Alavi is going to vivist. (talk) about sea animals there. The students are going to write(write) a report from this trip. They need to pay attention to everything they see. Other students are going to read. (read) their friends' reports and learn many things about nature and sea animals.

E. Now answer the following questions.

- 1) Are the students going to go to a zoo?
 - No, they are going to go to a park.
- 2) Is Mr. Alavi going to read the students' reports?
 - No, other students are going to read them.
- 3) Are you going to visit a museum this weekend?
 - No, we aren't.

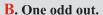
Part III

Vocabulary

A. Find 11 animals below.

elephant, destray, protect, bear, save, chectah, endangered, wolf, watch, travel, teach, dolphin, mountain, plain, duck, mean, zookeeper, injured, leopard, increase, life, goat, world, panda, weekend, hunter, lion, alive, zebra





- 1. die out / live / kill / hunt
- 2. goat / cow / hen / leopard
- 3. plain / mountain / jungle / zoo
- 4. hunters / zookeepers / teachers / farmers

5. save / take care of / protect / hurt

t(some believe.that "hunter" is the answer. Take it easy)





C. Match columns A and B.



B

pay attention

save nature

protect wildlife

natural home

take care of

hunt animals

wildlife

home

care of

nature

animals

attention

در تصاویر اشکالاتی وجود دارد. می توان به بچه ها پیش زمینه داد که مثلا تصویر اول plain است، تصویر دومjungle و تصویر سوم see هست اما فقط منظور دریا نیست، هر توع زیستگاه آبی مثل رودخانه یا مرداب ... می باشد. ضمنا حیوانات نام برده با توجه به نوعی که دارند می توانند زیستگاه های مختلفی داشته باشند. مهم تشخیص حیوان و مفهوم زیستگاه است و گرنه بحث یومی شناسی حیوانات نیست.

D. Put the words in three groups considering their natural home.

whale, cow, lion, panda, bear, leopard, tiger, fish, wolf, dolphin, duck, zebra, goat

..cow.-.zebra.-...

lion -

goat - leopard -

·tiger-wolf----



panda - wolf bear - leopardtiger



whale

fish dolphin

...duck.....



TESSON I





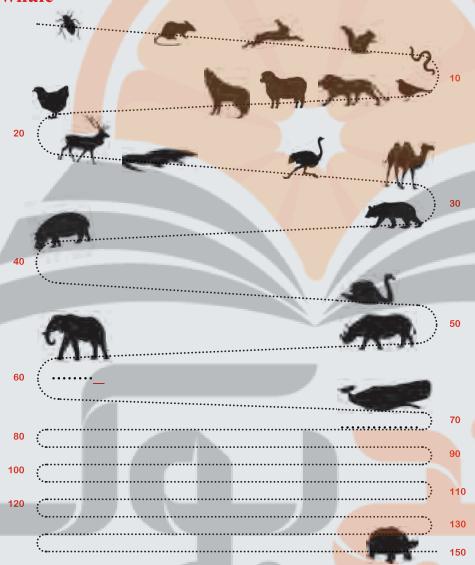
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You can ask your students to read the words and circle the pictures. Then order them.

E. Look at the following graph. Order the following animals based on their average life span (from short to long).

elephant, lion, wolf, camel, whale, mouse, sheep





F. Fill in the blanks with the given words.

protect, injured, plain, future, relatives, destroyed



- 1. The hunters killed the tiger and ..destroyed....its home.
- 2. There are lots of beautiful zebras living in this plain ...
- 3. I brought the .injured bird into the room and took care of it.
- 4. Hopefully, people will pay more attention to wildlife in the future
- 5. One of our <u>relatives</u> is a zookeeper in Mazandaran.

توجه: این تعرین oralی باشد آن متاسب آزمون های کتبی تمی باشد.

Part IV Pronunciation

Ask and answer with falling intonation.

- 1. Who will protect our Earth?
- 2. What will happen to endangered animals?
- 3. Who will protect our forests?
- 4. What are you going to do to save nature?



Part V Writing

A. Unscramble the letters and make nouns. Then put nouns in the appropriate group.

gnuelj jungle

denrfi friend

eret tree

etarw <u>Water</u>

nipa pian

itroisv Visitor

veol love

umuems ..museum...



people place idea thing

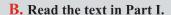
visitor jungle pain tree

friend

museum love....

water

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- 1. Find all singular nouns. Change them into plural.
- 2. Find all plural nouns. Change them into singular.

Singular

- 1. way
- 2. family
- 3. home
- 4. museum
- 5. park
- 6. thing
- 7. village

PLURAL

- 1. animals
- 2.friends
- 3.birds
- 4. fish
- 5. plants
- 6. places
- 7. homes
- 8. babies
- 9. trees
- 10. forests
- 11. hunters
- 12. people
- 13.police







Reading Comprehension

Microbes

Microbes are really wonderful. They are everywhere! They live all around you, on you and inside you! Microbes are very small, so you can't see them. But don't worry. Some microbes make you sick but most others keep you healthy and even help you to fight disease.

There are so many different types of microbes. We still don't really know how many there are, but we know that microbes do lots of different things. Bacteria and viruses are two important types of microbes.

Bacteria are really important microbes. They are very small. They have only one cell. Bacteria can live in any area of the earth. They aren't all bad; in fact you couldn't live without some bacteria!

Viruses are among the smallest microbes on the earth, even smaller than bacteria. They are different from bacteria because they cannot live on their own. Viruses need to be inside a living cell to live and grow. There aren't many good things about viruses — they usually attack your body and make you sick!



A. True or False	
1) Microbe is an important type of bacteria.	T F False
2) Viruses can live in any place in the world.	T F False
3) Bacteria do not need to be inside a living cell to live.	T O F O True
mananananananananananananananananananan	nunununun
B. Answer the following questions.	
1) Where can we find bacteria?	
We can find them in any area of the earth.	
2) How are bacteria different from viruses?	
Viruses can not live on their own.	
3) Do you like to see microbes under a microscope?	
Yes, I think it has to be interesting.	
b1	T N
opinio می باشد و میتواند بسته به نظر دانش اموز متنوع باشد	سوال اعر معمولا n gap
	S S O N
	T E E S
	÷
	27
THE A GARAGE	

	Paragraph number	Answer
Important types of microbes	2	bacteria, viruses
2. The home of viruses	4	inside a living cell
3. The number of bacteria's cells	3	one cell



A. Circle the correct answer.

- 1. His new car is faster / the fastest than my car.
- 2. Russia is bigger / the biggest country of the world.
- 3. The whale is heavier / the heaviest sea animal.
- 4. Kazem is taller / the tallest player in the team.
- 5. Mary and Fatima are older / the oldest than Leila.



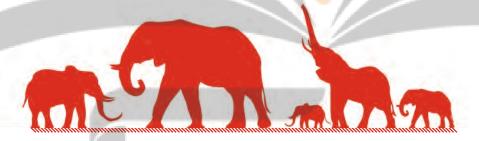
bigger / biggest/smaller/African/Asian/strongest

Elephants are the biggest and strongest land animals in the world.

They only eat plants and fruits. There are two types of elephants.

The African elephant lives in Africa and the Indian elephant lives in Asia. The African elephant is bigger than the Indian elephant.

It has larger ears, too. The Indian, or the Asian elephant is smaller than the African elephant and has smaller ears.



C. Now answer the following questions.

- 1. What type of elephant lives in Asia? Indian elephants
- 2. Is the African elephant smaller than the Asian elephant? No, It is bigger.
- 3. Do Indian elephants have bigger ears than African elephants? No . They have smaller ones (ears).

D. Fill in the blanks with irregular comparative forms of the following adjectives.





1. I know that my cooking is bad, but your cooking is worse.....

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- 2. The bed was hard, but it was ...better..... than nothing.
- 3. It's too dark. I cannot see <u>farther</u> than two meters.

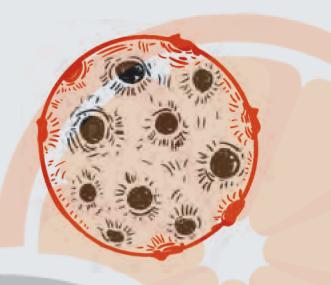


A. Match the words with their definitions:

- 1. a place from which people can watch the planets and stars b
- 2. a large and round body of rock or gas that moves around the Sun a
- 3. the yellow liquid that carries the blood cells d
- 4. it uses lenses to make very small things look larger ^C
- 5. it is inside your head and controls your body e







C. Match columns A and B.



B

rocky planet telescope

daily exercise planet

pump blood blood

powerful telescope exercise

keep healthy healthy

D. Put the words in three groups based on their size.

planet, star, virus, Sun, cell, plasma, heart, moon, brain, ear, microbe, eye







sun

ear

virus

star

eye

microbe

planet

brain

plasma

· · LESSON &

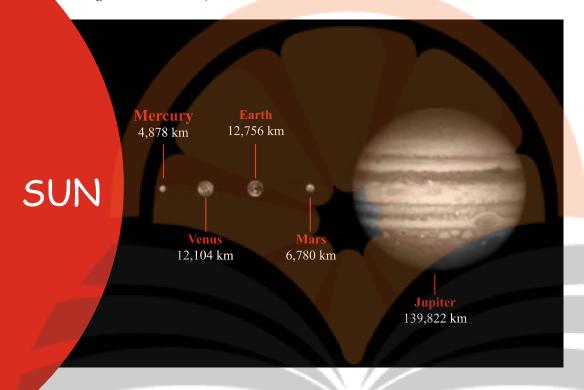
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moon

heart

cell

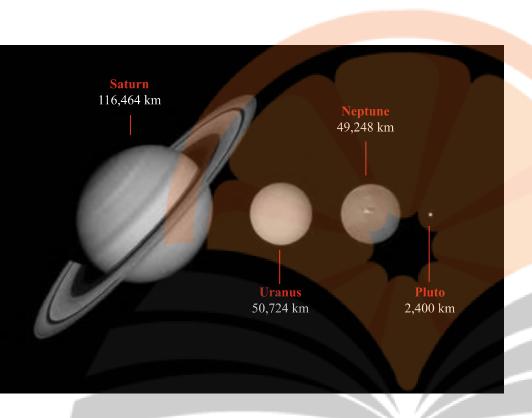
E. Look at the picture and order the planets based on their size (from the largest to the smallest).



- 1. Jupiter
- 2. Saturn
- 3. Uranus
- 4. Neptune
- 5. Earth
- 6. Venus
- 7. Mars

• resson 2

8. Mercury



F. Look at the above picture and fill in the blanks.

1) The farthest planet from the Sun: Neptun

2) The closest planet to the Sun: Mercury

3) The Red Planet which is the neighbor of Earth: Mars

4) The planet on which we live: **Earth**

defend, healthy, moon, telescope, powerful

- 1. White blood cells defend body against diseases.
- 2. The sky is cloudy. We cannot see the .moon tonight.
- 3. You need a .powerful microscope to see something so small.
- 4. Daily exercise keeps us strong and healthy...
- 5. The Hubble telescope goes around Earth every 97 minutes.



توجه: اين تمرين _{Oral} باشه أن مناسب آزمون هاي كتبي تمي باشد.

Part IV
Pronunciation

Ask and answer with appropriate intonation.

- 1. Is a cheetah faster than a lion?
- 2. Is football more interesting than volleyball?
- 3. Are you the tallest person in your family?
- 4. Is Mercury's orbit different from other planets' orbits?







A. Write the comparative and superlative forms of the following adjectives.

1. wonderful

more wonderful

the most wonderful

2. interesting

more interesting

the most interesting

3. dangerous

more dangerous

the most dangerous

4. careless

more careless

the most careless

5. useful

more useful

...the most useful

B. Compare each pair of things in the box. Write two sentences for each pair.

Compare	Adjectives
* Earth and Mars	* large / cold
1) cheetahs a <mark>nd li</mark> ons	fast / strong
2) train tra <mark>vel and bus travel</mark>	cheap / safe
3) Abadan and Mashhad	busy / hot

- * Earth is larger than Mars.
- * Mars is colder than Earth.
- 1. Cheetahs are faster than lions.

Lions are stronger than Cheetahs.

2. Train travel is safer than bus travel.

Bus travel is cheaper than train travel.

3. Abadan is hottrer than Mashhad.

Mashhad is busier than Abadan.

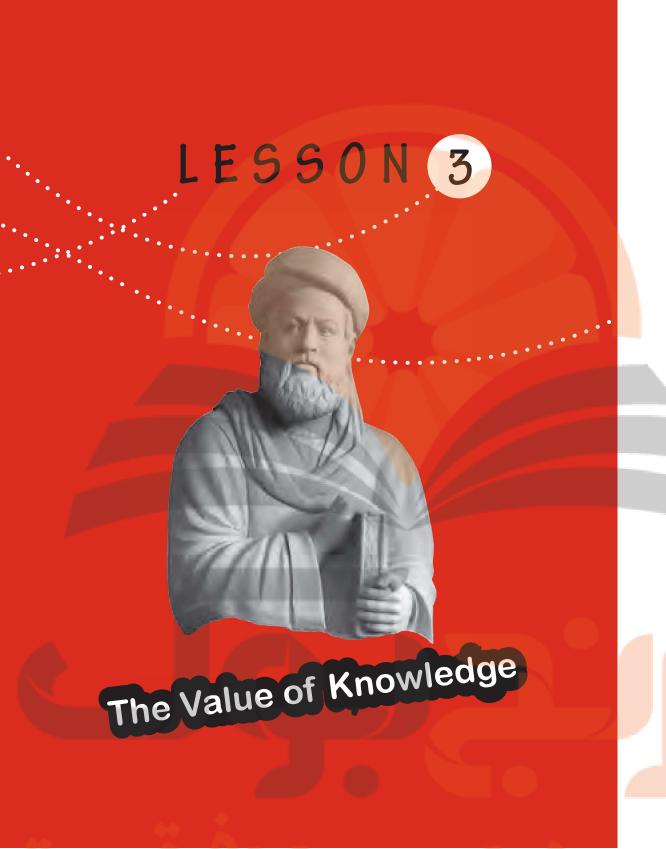
C. Read the text in Part I. Find all adjectives and change them into comparative and superlative forms.

- 1.wonderful/ more wonderful/ the most wonderful
- 2. small/ smaller/ the smallest
- 3. sick/ sicker (more sick)/ the sickest (the most sick)
- 4. healthy / healthier/ the healthiest
- 5. many / more/ the most
- 6. different/ more different/ the most different
- 7. important/ more important/ the most important

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- 8. bad/ worse/ the worst
- 9. good / better/ the best





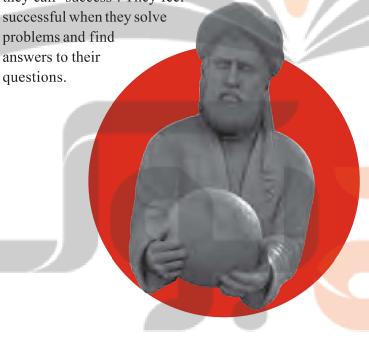


Who is a scientist?

The world around us is full of amazing things. Knowing this beautiful world is very interesting for humans. One group of people who study the world are scientists. A scientist studies nature, animals, or people. Scientists work hard and do research to solve problems, find facts or invent new things. Scientists learn about the world by observing and experimenting.

There are different types of scientists. Some of them study plants, earth, seas, or animals. Others study people and how they behave and learn. Some scientists like to study history or languages. Others are interested in making new things. They want to make people's lives easier.

Some scientists become very rich and famous. Many people around the world may remember their names and faces. But this is not what they call 'success'. They feel



A. True or False

1) Only scientists like to study the world.

TO FOFALSE

2) There are different types of scientists.

TO FO TRUE

3) Scientists think 'success' means becoming rich.

TO FOFALSE



B. Answer the following questions.

1) How do scientists learn about the world?

By observing and experimenting

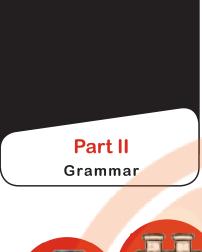
2) What does an inventor do?

They make new things

3) Do you like to do research about the world?

Yes, I like to do research on it.

سوال آخر معمولا opinion gap مي باشد و ميتواند بسته به نظر دانش اموز متنوع باشا





A. Unscramble the following sentences.

1. doing research / a new medicine / when / was /she / Shirin / found / .

Shirin found a new medicine when she was doing research.

2. the injured animal / they / trying hard / were / to save / .

They were trying hard to save the injured animals.....

3. English / as a translator / worked / when / he / studying / Hassan / was / at university / .

When Hassan was studying English at university, he worked as a translator.

4. called him / Reza / studying / Arabic book / when / his / was / his mother / ?

Was Reza studying Arabic book when his mother called him?

B. Look at this photo. My uncle took it yesterday at 8 o'clock. Then complete the sentences.



- 1. My father was reading a newspaper.
- 2. My mother reading a book.
- 3. My sister was doing her homework.
- 4. My brother wasworking on his laptop.
- 5. My grandfather was listening to the radio.

C. Write what you were doing at the given times.

- 1. Yesterday afternoon, I was reading a new book.
- 2. Last week at this moment, we were visiting a wildlife museum.
- 3. This morning at 5, I was saying my prayers.
- 4. When my mother was cooking dinner last night, I was doing

my homework.



3 NOSSON E

D. Read the following text. Complete it with appropriate 'self-pronouns'.

Yesterday I was all alone. I was cleaning the house. As no one was helping me, I was doing everything ...myself...... It was very difficult. I remember how my mother cleaned the house herself when we didn't help her. I felt so sorry and ashamed.

I was still working when my mother came in. I was cleaning the kitchen. She asked: "Babak, did you do that "yourself"?" I answered: "Yes, mom. I did it "myself"..." She said, "Thank you, dear. But now wait, don't do that "yourself.... Let's do everything together".



- 1. Did Babak's brothers clean the house themselves? No. they didn't.
- 2. Was Babak cleaning the room when his mother came in? No, he was cleaning the kitchen.
- 3. Will his mother clean the kitchen herself?

 No, Babak and his mother will clean it together. /// No, she won't clean it by herself.



A. Read the descriptions and find the word.

- 1. a person who does research and finds facts scientists
- 2. to stop doing something quit
- 3. something that you believe **belief**
- 4. to grow or change into a stronger, larger or better form **develop**
- 5. to find an answer to a problem **solve**

inventor scientist quit develop experiment belief famous solve



3 NOSS 3 NOSS 50

B. One odd out.

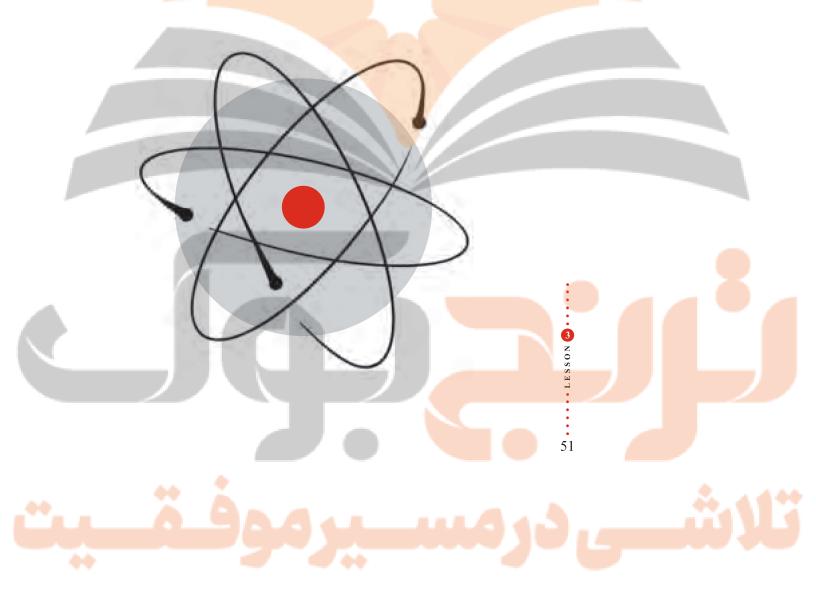
1. a. find b. solve c. invent d. attend

2. a. grow up b. develop c. destroy d. increase

3. a. inventor b. researcher c. farmer d. thinker

4. a. observatory b. library c. laboratory d. memory

5. a. powerful b. weak c. strong d. energetic





C. Match columns A and B.



B

become successful

build a laboratory

attend an interview

translate a poem

an interview
a laboratory
a poem
successful

D. Put these famous people in four groups.

Wright Brothers

Parvin Etesami Mohammad Ghazi

Victor Hugo Shahriyar

Mahmood Hakimi Tahereh Saffarzadeh

Alexander Graham Bell

Poet Inventor

Parvin Etesami Wright Brothers

Shahiryar Alexander Graham Bell

Translator Writer

Mohammad Ghazi Victor Hugo

Tahereh Saffarzadeh Mahmood Hakimi

.....

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believe, grow up, inventions, bulb, successful



- 1. The airplane is one of the greatest inventions of human.
- 2. Some scientists are very successful in their lives.
- 3. When children **grew up** their personality changes.
- 4. Do you believe what she was saying about Mars?
- 5. He changed the bulb to have more light in the room.





Say the sentences with emphatic stress over the appropriate element.

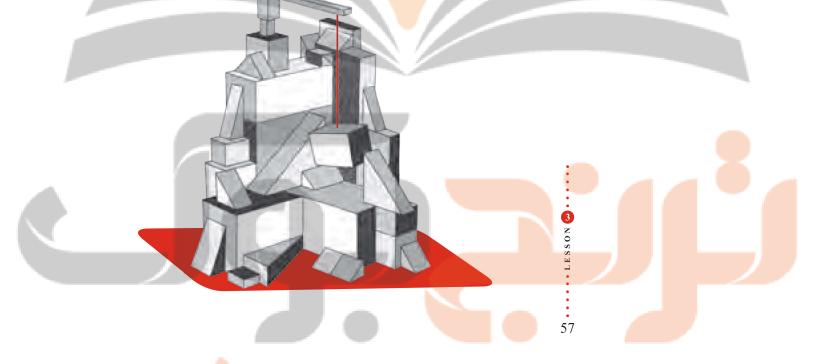
- 1. I was reading Arabic. (Not Amir)
- 2. I was reading Arabic. (Not writing Arabic)
- 3. I was reading Arabic. (Not English)





A. Complete the spelling of words.

e e e e r ... m ... mb ... r t n at ... e ... d i l b u d v n in ... e ... t e a cr te e i e





build building believe belief know knowledg		
build building believe belief know knowledg translate translato	Verb	Noun
believe belief know knowledg translate translato	invent	inventor
know knowledg translate translato	build	building
translate translato	believe	belief
translate	know	knowledge
think thinker	translate	translator
	think	thi <mark>nker</mark>

C. Read the text. Find nouns, adjectives and verbs. Write them in appropriate columns.

Yesterday, it was snowing heavily. Maryam was playing inside. She really wanted to go out to play. But she stayed in because it was very cold outside. She was thinking about what to do to have fun inside the house. She went into her room. She was looking at her things when her friend Mina called. She lives next door. Mina was coming to Maryam's house with her mother. She was bringing some interesting books and games. They were reading and playing all evening. They really had a good time.



	78.1			111	
	Noun		Verb	Adjective	
	Maryam		was snowing	cold	
	house		was playing	interesting	
	fun	$\overline{}$	wanted called	fun	•
	things		to go out - lives		
ŀ	room		to play -was coming		3 N O
	Mina		stayed - was bringing		LESSO
	next door		was - were reading		
	mother books		was thinking to do - playing to have - had		. 59
	games time		went		
			was looking at		







How to be a good traveler

Travel is about visiting new places and meeting new people. When visiting a destination, a traveler should take care of people, places and cultures. So, before any travel, we must pay attention to some points.

First, we must read as much as possible about the main tourist attractions we are going to visit. Searching the Internet is an easy way to know about them. Also, learning a few words and phrases of the local language can be very useful, especially when we meet new people there.

When we meet local people, we must not forget that we are guests! So, we must respect their way of living. When visiting historical and especially holy places, we must respect them, too.

When we visit natural places such as lakes, forests and deserts, we must protect the plants and wild animals. In this way, every travel can be a great experience for us.

Mull



A. True or False

1) Learning about other cultures is not important for a traveler.

TO FOFALSE

2) Reading is a good way to know about a tourist destination.

TO FO TRUE

3) A good traveler should pay attention to plants and wildlife.

TO FOTRUE

B. Answer the following questions.

1) Is it good to surf the net to know about our trip?

Yes, it is.

2) Should we try to know the language of our destination?

Yes, we should. Learning a few words and phrases of the local language can be very useful

3) Do you have another suggestion to be a good traveler?

We must not hurt anyone or anything.

سوال آخر معمولا opinion gap مى باشد و ميتواند بسته به نظر دانش اموز متنوع باشة



Part II

Grammar

A. Answer the following questions with the given words and phrases.



- 1. Where can you travel in summer? (North) I can travel to the North (in summer)
- 2. When should she buy her ticket? (before her travel)
 She should buy her ticket (it) before her travel.
- 3. What may they buy? (souvenirs)

 They may buy souvenirs.
- 4. How can Amir find a good hotel? (searching the net)
 He can find it (a good hotel) by searching the net.
- 5. Which language must we speak in that city? (Chinese)

 We must speak Chinese there (in that city).





should /speak loudly

..You should not speak loudly.



must/drive carefully

You must drive carefully.

r Esson **6**6

این تمرین چون opinion gap می باشد ، میتواند بسته به نظر دانش اموز متنوع باشد

C. Write five things you do before your travel.

- 1. I can get mor information about dmy destination by searching the net.
- 2. I should .should .get a .map. of .my .destination.
- 3. I must get a ticket.
- 4. I may ..book a hotel room online.
- 5. I shouldn't forget to take my camera with me.



D. Read the following text. Complete it with appropriate prepositions.

Armin is a student. He lives ____in ___Shahrood. He usually wakes up ____at ____ 5 o'clock ___in ___ the morning. _____On ____ Thursdays and Fridays, he wakes up later because he doesn't go to school. ___Next.to __ their house, there is a stadium. He goes there to play football. ____at ____ noon, he comes back home and rests.



E. Now answer the following questions.

1. Where does Armin live?

He lives in Shahrood.

2. When does he usually wake up?

He usually wakes up at 5 o'clock.

3. Where is the stadium?

It's next to their house.



A. Find 10 words related to travel.

pilgrim, scientist, <u>destination</u>, <u>ticket</u>, <u>check in</u>, <u>attraction</u>, plant, war, course, poem, angry, creation, <u>baggage</u>, brave, <u>passport</u>, <u>plane</u>, <u>vacation</u>, invention, word, <u>train</u>





B. One odd out.

- 1. travel / trip / nation / journey
- 2. local / international / domestic / national
- 3. hospitable / kind / polite / angry
- 4. jungle / town / desert / plain
- 5. Europe / Asia / Spain / Africa



C. Match columns A and B.

A

summer vacation

historical sites

suitable choice

check website

four-season country

have suggestions

country

vacation

websites

choice

sites

suggestions

· · · LESSON •

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D. Put the words in three groups considering their means of transportation.

bus, airplane, ship, train, balloon, boat, helicopter, bicycle

LandAirSeabusairplainshiptrainballoonboatbicyclehelicopter



E. Order the following means of transportation based on their speed. (from the fastest to the slowest)









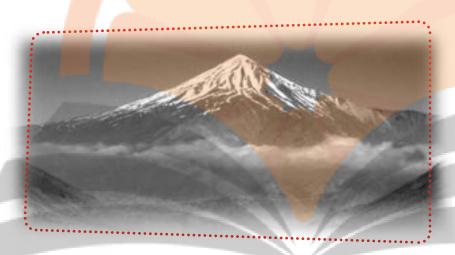




- 1 airplane 2 train 3 ship
- 4 bus 5 car 6 bicycle
- *** This arrangement is not fixed.

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range, cultures, suggestion, attracts, probably, famous



- 1. Egypt is **famous** for its Pyramids.
- 2. Amazing nature of Iran attracts many tourists.
- 3. We should respect the languages and cultures of other countries.
- 4. We can do a <u>range</u> of activities in our free time.
- 5. Do you have any suggestion to solve the problem?

G. Unscramble the following sentences.



1. famous / is / China / the Great Wall / for /.

China is famous for the Great Wall.

- 2. Shiraz / sites / historical / many / and /an amazing nature / has /.
- Shiraz has many historical sites and an amazing nature.
- 3. attracts / a lot of / Hamedan / tourists / from / of Iran / cities / other /.

Hamedan attracts a lot of tourists from other cities of Iran.

4. to Mashhad and Qom / travel / to go to / many Muslims / shrines / holy /.

Many Muslims travel to Mashhad and Qom to go to holy shrines.

5. is / the best / what / souvenir / your city / of /?

What is the best souvinir of your city?



Part IV

Pronunciation

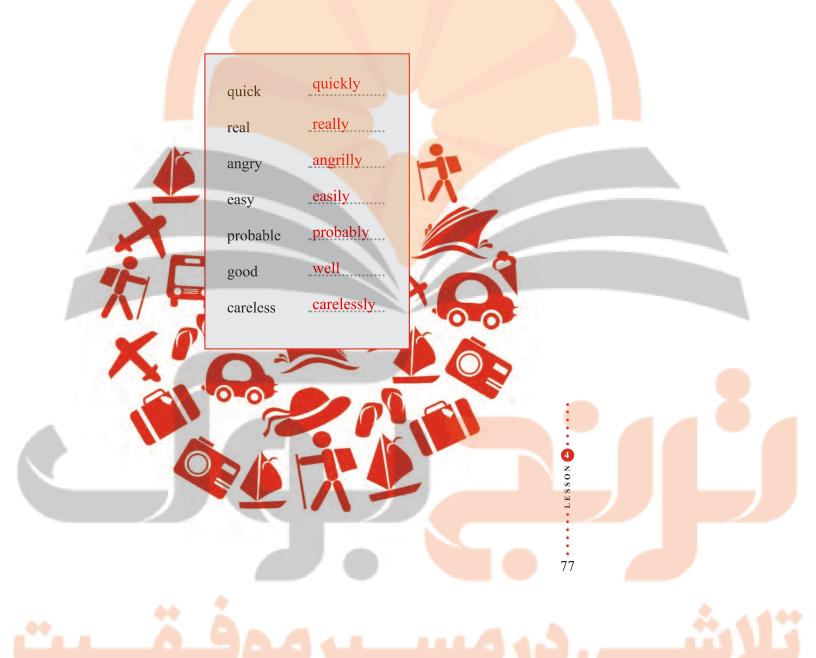
Ask and answer with contrastive stress and appropriate intonation.



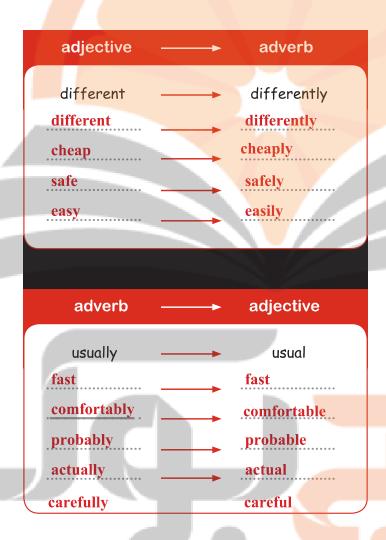
- 1. Which country are you from, Iran or Italy?
- 2. Where do you go, Isfahan or Yazd?
- 3. Which color do you like more, **yellow** or **brown**?
- 4. What do you want to have, spaghetti or kebab?
- 5. Should I check it online or offline?

Part V Writing

A. Change the following adjectives into adverbs. Pay attention to their spelling.



People usually go to different places by different means of travel. If they want to arrive fast and comfortably, they can travel by a plane. Probably some people prefer to travel by train. Actually it is cheap and safe. But sometimes it is not easy to find train and plane tickets. So they may use their cars, but they should drive carefully.





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