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آزمون «۱۸ آذر ۱۴۰۱»

دفترچه اختصاصی منحصرأ زبان

تعداد کل سؤالات: ۷۰ زمان پاسخ‌گویی: ۱۰۵ دقیقه

اختصاصی				
نام درس	تعداد سؤال	شماره سؤال	شماره صفحه	زمان پاسخ‌گویی
زبان انگلیسی تخصصی	۷۰	۱-۷۰	۱-۸	۱۰۵ دقیقه

بنیاد علمی آموزشی قلم‌چی «وقف عام»

دفتر مرکزی: خیابان انقلاب بین صبا و فلسطین - پلاک ۹۳۳ - تلفن: ۰۲۱-۸۴۵۱

«تمام داری‌ها و درآمدهای بنیاد علمی آموزشی قلم‌چی وقف عام است بر گسترش دانش و آموزش»



پدید آورندگان

آزمون منحصرأ زبان

۱۸ آذر ماه ۱۴۰۱

طراحان

نام طراحان	نام درس
عادلہ حیدری، محمد طاهری، سعید کاویانی، محمدجواد آقایی، رحمت‌الله استیری، عقیل محمدی‌روش، شہرام کریم‌زادہ، عبدالرشید شفیعی، سمیہ پیروز، نسرین خلفی	زبان تخصصی

گزینشگران و ویراستاران

زبان انگلیسی تخصصی	نام درس
رحمت‌الله استیری	گزینشگر
رحمت‌الله استیری	مسئول درس
فاطمہ نقدی، سعید آقچہ‌لو، عقیل محمدی‌روش، محمدحسین مرتضوی	ویراستار

گروه فنی و تولید

محدثہ مرآتی	مدیران گروه
معصومہ شاعری	مسئول دفترچہ
مدیر: مازیار شیروانی‌مقدم مسئول دفترچہ: مہریار لسانی	مستندسازی و مطابقت با مصوبات
زہرا تاجیک	حروف‌نگاری و صفحہ‌آرایی
حمید محمدی	ناظر چاپ

بنیاد علمی آموزشی قلمچی «وقف عام»

دفتر مرکزی: خیابان انقلاب بین صبا و فلسطین - پلاک ۹۲۳ - تلفن: ۰۲۱-۶۶۶۳

زبان تخصصی

۱۰۵ دقیقه

هدف‌گذاری قبل از شروع هر درس در دفترچه سؤال

لطفاً قبل از شروع پاسخ‌گویی به سؤال‌های درس **منحصراً زبان**، هدف‌گذاری چند از ۱۰ خود را بنویسید:
از هر ۱۰ سؤال به چند سؤال می‌توانید پاسخ صحیح بدهید؟
عملکرد شما در آزمون قبل چند از ۱۰ بوده است؟
هدف‌گذاری شما برای آزمون امروز چیست؟

چند از ۱۰ آزمون قبل	هدف‌گذاری چند از ۱۰ برای آزمون امروز
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Part A: Grammar

Directions: Questions 1-10 are incomplete sentences. Beneath each sentence you will see four words or phrases marked (1), (2), (3), and (4). Choose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

- 1-If I had taken care of myself during the holiday in Spain last week, I ... ill now.
 - 1) wouldn't be
 - 2) won't be
 - 3) wouldn't have been
 - 4) shouldn't have been
- 2-I don't know why ... people find skiing great. I can't think of anything worse than being cold and frightened at the same time.
 - 1) few
 - 2) a plenty
 - 3) too much
 - 4) so many
- 3-He suggested that I should have my car ... in the nearest gallery as soon as possible.
 - 1) sold
 - 2) to sell
 - 3) selling
 - 4) sell
- 4-He wasn't the most studious student in the class, but he worked ... to pass the final examinations.
 - 1) hard enough
 - 2) harder than
 - 3) so hard that
 - 4) too hardly
- 5-... for the changes made in regulations to acceptance to the school, very few students would have enrolled before the year started.
 - 1) Were not it
 - 2) If it wasn't
 - 3) Had it not been
 - 4) It was just
- 6-..., she couldn't improve her IELTS overall score compared to her previous one.
 - 1) Hard though did my sister try
 - 2) However hard my sister tried
 - 3) My sister tried as much
 - 4) As my sister might try
- 7-Until then, I'm going to give you some idea of the facilities of this ... mall, which is located in the heart of the town.
 - 1) ten-storey magnificent modern
 - 2) ten-storey modern magnificent
 - 3) magnificent ten-storey modern
 - 4) modern magnificent ten-storey
- 8-To sum it up, our planet has never experienced ... climatic changes before. Therefore, something should be done about climate change or many species will die out.
 - 1) so
 - 2) such
 - 3) such a
 - 4) too
- 9-We are carrying out a major refurbishment of the Nottingham Theatre at the moment. The interior has just been repainted, and we are about ... on the exterior of the building—that'll be a big job.
 - 1) to start
 - 2) starting
 - 3) start
 - 4) to starting
- 10-If these commercial fishing boats used equipment which was more selective, so that only the fish wanted for consumption were caught, the problem of overfishing endangered species ... be overcome.
 - 1) will
 - 2) may
 - 3) can
 - 4) could

Part B: Vocabulary

Directions: Questions 11-25 are incomplete sentences. Beneath each sentence you will see four words or phrases marked (1), (2), (3), and (4). Choose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

- 11-Richer, more developed economies have a responsibility to ... the protection of fragile ocean ecosystems around the world.
 - 1) threaten
 - 2) ban
 - 3) fund
 - 4) pose

- 12-As far as I know, mercury is a strange ... because it is the only metal that is liquid at room temperature.
- 1) twist
2) substance
3) coincidence
4) incident
- 13-Every few years, computer software manufacturers release more ... versions of their best-selling titles.
- 1) flexible
2) evident
3) sophisticated
4) courageous
- 14-In an effort to save money, the executives were required to ... their expenses, especially when traveling.
- 1) curb
2) dedicate
3) incur
4) charge
- 15-It is increasingly common for movie stars, singers, and politicians to complain about the ... of their private lives.
- 1) isolation
2) sensation
3) transaction
4) invasion
- 16-What concerns me most about the economic downturn she predicted for the next month is not its magnitude but rather its
- 1) compliment
2) imminence
3) diversity
4) evolution
- 17-The good point is that if you are not ... with the goods, you will be refunded in full very soon.
- 1) depressed
2) interested
3) natural
4) satisfied
- 18-In her early days as a singer, she had encountered those who had ... assumed she was nothing more than an amateur one.
- 1) fortunately
2) wrongly
3) honestly
4) frequently
- 19-Researchers at Georgia State University are ... an investigation into the ability of apes to use language.
- 1) acquiring
2) exaggerating
3) furnishing
4) conducting
- 20-Parents have changeable moods, but they should be ... in how they handle their children's behavior.
- 1) accurate
2) significant
3) consistent
4) cruel
- 21-The palm tree in front of the house has been ... with lights, and so has the evergreen in the living room.
- 1) encouraged
2) identified
3) trimmed
4) evolved
- 22-You can set location-based ... so your phone will remind you of something important when you are arriving at or leaving a location.
- 1) alerts
2) resources
3) results
4) scores
- 23-They didn't have time for ... before the performance, so we shouldn't expect them to do a miracle.
- 1) rehearsal
2) reception
3) reluctance
4) humidity
- 24-Steeply rising food prices pushed inflation to 5.6% last month, ... renewed concern about whether inflation would spread more widely.
- 1) baffling
2) devoting
3) overcoming
4) prompting
- 25-Faced with one of the worst financial crises in recent memory, British investors threw ... to the wind and scrambled to buy stocks.
- 1) instinct
2) equipment
3) evidence
4) caution

Part C: Sentence Structure

Directions: Choose the sentence with the best word order for each of the following series. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

26-

- 1) The town is lacked basic healthcare facilities; however, people have to travel many miles to see a doctor.
- 2) Lacking the town basic healthcare facilities, so people have to travel many miles to see a doctor.
- 3) Being lacked in the town basic healthcare facilities, people have to travel many miles to see a doctor.
- 4) The town lacks basic healthcare facilities, so people have to travel many miles to see a doctor.

27-

- 1) Deforestation having resulted to the destruction of thousands of acres of tropical forests.
- 2) Deforestation has resulted in the destruction of thousands of acres of tropical forests.
- 3) Deforestation was resulted in the destruction of thousands acres of tropical forests.
- 4) Deforestation resulting to the destruction of thousands acres of tropical forests.

28-

- 1) As a company starting off to produce a range of facial cleansers and moisturizers had not been tested on animals.
- 2) A company starting off to produce a range of facial cleansers and moisturizers that had not been tested on animals.
- 3) The company started off producing a range of facial cleansers and moisturizers which had not been tested on animals.
- 4) As the company started off producing a range of facial cleansers and moisturizers which had not been tested on animals.

29-

- 1) Being over 60 miles from the epicenter of the earthquake, but the city still suffered as substantially damage.
- 2) To suffer as substantial damage as the city was still over 60 miles from the epicenter of the earthquake.
- 3) The earthquake, being over 60 miles from the epicenter of the city still suffered substantially damage.
- 4) The city was over 60 miles from the epicenter of the earthquake, but still suffered substantial damage.

30-

- 1) His claim that the Earth moved around the Sun was provided the evidence he did not validate to many.
- 2) To many, the evidence he provided did not validate his claim that the Earth moved around the Sun.
- 3) The evidence he provides to many have not validated his claim that the Earth moves around the Sun.
- 4) The Earth moving around the Sun is his claim that to many the evidence he provides don't validate.

Part D: Language Function

Directions: Read the following conversations between two people and answer the questions about the conversations by choosing one of the choices (1), (2), (3), or (4). Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

A: I think we have to ...(31)... . This is what I really need.

B: Absolutely! We can rest for a while and ...(32)... . I'm starving.

- | | | |
|-----|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 31- | 1) hit the road | 2) ring a bell |
| | 3) sleep on it | 4) make a pit stop |
| 32- | 1) bite my tongue | 2) grab a bite |
| | 3) hit the nail on the head | 4) have the magic touch |

A: The senator has been accused of trying to sweep his former drug use under the ...(33)... .

B: Really?! ...(34)...! I didn't know about it.

- | | | |
|-----|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| 33- | 1) carpet | 2) chair |
| | 3) book | 4) dust |
| 34- | 1) I beg to differ | 2) What a shame |
| | 3) I couldn't agree more | 4) I get the ball rolling |

A: Do you know anyone who ...(35)... .

B: One of my colleagues. She explained the whole thing, and no one could understand.

- | | | |
|-----|---------------------|----------------------|
| 35- | 1) closes the deal | 2) gives you a ring |
| | 3) keeps the change | 4) speaks in riddles |

A: Hello, this is Helen Bayliss.

B: Hello, Ms. Bayliss. I'm phoning from the hospital.

A: Yes, has something happened?

B: ...(36)... your son has had an accident.

A: What? Oh no, is he badly hurt?

B: Well, he's broken his leg, and he's got cuts and bruises on other parts of his body.

A: But is he OK?

B: Yes, he's seen a doctor and he's going to be all right.

A: ...**(37)**...! Can I come and see him?

B: Yes, of course. And perhaps you could bring some pyjamas for him.

A: So you're going to keep him overnight?

B: Yes, but don't worry. It's just routine after an accident like this. He was slightly hit by a car.

A: ...**(38)**... . Well, I'll go and get some stuff for him, and I'll be there as soon as I can.

B: ...**(39)**... . Come to the reception in Accident and Emergency.

A: All right, I'll be there soon. Thanks, goodbye.

B: Goodbye.

- 36- 1) Excuse me 2) I don't think
3) I'm afraid 4) I suppose
- 37- 1) I don't like it 2) Oh, I'm terribly sorry
3) I guess so 4) Oh, thank goodness
- 38- 1) No, thanks 2) I see
3) Oh, that's great 4) I don't agree
- 39- 1) That'll be fine 2) Oh, come on
3) I'm not sure 4) Never mind
- A:** It's already an hour we are waiting for John, what's keeping him?
B: ...**(40)**... . He didn't tell me anything about when he would arrive.
- 40- 1) I'm at my wits end 2) I stick to the rules
3) I don't have a clue 4) I'm asking for trouble

Part E: Cloze Test

Directions: Read the following passage and decide which choice (1), (2), (3), or (4) best fits each space. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

Having a positive mental attitude is one of the best ways you can help yourself and your life improve drastically. Surely things aren't always ...**(41)**... and roses but just looking at the brighter side of the journey ...**(42)**... you happy and healthy. No matter what your situation is, it's never too late to change and a change in attitude can do ...**(43)**... for your life.

Without a doubt, the best way to go through life is in happy bliss. The journey might not always be perfect, but with a positive mental attitude, ...**(44)**... can be quite enjoyable. ...**(45)**... on the brighter side of life and going down the road with an eagerness can bring out the best in you. Happiness has no price, it's free! Best of all, you can give that feeling to ...**(46)**... . Whether you love to get hyped up for your favorite sports team ...**(47)**... a simple walk through the park, a positive spin to it makes it much better. You can also share your good vibes ...**(48)**... others.

There is nothing more valuable in your life than your good health, which is ...**(49)**... a positive attitude is key to keeping yourself healthy. Scientific research ...**(50)**... that people with a positive attitude are healthier physically and mentally than someone without one. What exactly does this mindset grant you? Well, physically it strengthens your body, ...**(51)**... your immune systems, speeds up disease recovery, and reduces the risk of a heart attack. Mentally, when you have a positive attitude you are more alert, have less stress, and are at a lower risk of ...**(52)**... and other mental health problems. Anything ...**(53)**... both the risk of mental and physical illnesses is a must-have in life. The best benefit of all? A positive ...**(54)**... actually makes you live longer. Positivity not only helps you wake up and ...**(55)**... to greet the day, but also it helps keep you as healthy as can be.

- 41- 1) principle 2) excuse 3) capital 4) sunshine
42- 1) to keep 2) keeps 3) keep 4) keeping
43- 1) wonders 2) volumes 3) margins 4) reasons
44- 1) which 2) and 3) and it 4) it
45- 1) Look 2) Looking 3) You can look 4) To look
46- 1) you and others people 2) yourself and other people
3) yourself and the others people 4) you and the other people
47- 1) and 2) but 3) or 4) so
48- 1) with 2) to 3) on 4) into
49- 1) what 2) why 3) that 4) where
50- 1) has been proven 2) proven 3) proving 4) has proven
51- 1) boosts 2) invades 3) diminishes 4) strives
52- 1) insight 2) depression 3) miracle 4) community
53- 1) that reduces 2) reduces 3) reduced 4) is reduced
54- 1) shelter 2) sewage 3) outlook 4) argument
55- 1) excited 2) be excited 3) exciting 4) be exciting

Part F: Reading Comprehension

Directions: In this part of the test, you will read two passages. Each passage is followed by some questions. Answer the questions about the passages by choosing the best choice (1), (2), (3), or (4). Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

PASSAGE 1:

For archeologists, Southeast Asia has always been something of a cultural backwater—nothing to compare with Egypt, Greece, or the lands once nurtured by the Tigris and Euphrates rivers. Then, just ten years ago, a vacationing Harvard student found some curiously painted pots in a road cut near the dusty village of Ban Chiang in Northeast Thailand.

Today, scientists at Ban Chiang are working round the clock to keep ahead of looters. They are convinced that they have found the remnants of one of the most ancient centers of civilization yet unearthed—the dwelling place of a Bronze Age people whose metallurgy may eventually establish them as even more advanced than were the inhabitants of Mesopotamia 5,000 years ago. Just where these antique Asiatic people came from is a mystery. But from spearheads, pottery, and other artifacts discovered in their burial mounds, there is no question that their civilization is at least as old as that of the Middle East.

The area of excavation covers a wide arc of Thailand's Khorat Plateau, extending for about 200 miles from the east to the southwest of Ban Chiang. Archeologists think that the region contains as many as 300 ancient burial mounds and habitations. Ban Chiang is the largest and deepest of the 60 sites located to date and contains the remains of more than 15,000 individuals.

Thus far, the excavation has produced 18 tons of pottery, stone, and metal items, 126 human skeletons, many animal fossils, and a picture of an extraordinarily sophisticated ancient society that occupied the region from about 3600 to 250 B.C. The prize item of the collection is a 5,600-year-old bronze spear point that is almost certainly the oldest artifact of this particular alloy ever found anywhere.

56-The passage is mainly about

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------------|
| 1) archeologists | 2) an ancient civilization |
| 3) Asiatic people | 4) Bronze Age |

57-In the first paragraph, the second sentence

- 1) gives an example of the first sentence
- 2) provides a contrast to the first sentence
- 3) describes the effect of the first sentence on the second sentence
- 4) proves that the archeologists' ideas about Southeast Asia were true

58-We can understand from the passage that scientists at Ban Chiang are most worried about

- | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 1) environmental damages | 2) foreign governments |
| 3) looters | 4) local authorities |

59-The underlined word "remnants" in the second paragraph is closest in meaning to

- | | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| 1) remarks | 2) reports | 3) remains | 4) researches |
|------------|------------|------------|---------------|

60-The second paragraph indicates that the archeologists are

- 1) fairly sure of the importance of their discovery
- 2) rather unsure of the importance of their discovery
- 3) undecided about the importance of their discovery
- 4) somehow unsure about the importance of their discovery

61-It can be inferred from the passage that the civilization in question

- 1) moved there from the Middle East
- 2) traded artifacts with the people from the Middle East
- 3) was the oldest one in the Middle East
- 4) was probably older than the Middle East civilization

62-Which of the following questions was NOT provided with an answer in the passage?

- 1) What is the most important item of the collection found in the area of excavation?
- 2) How many sites have been located to date, and which one is the largest and the deepest?
- 3) What led to the discovery of an ancient civilization in Northeast Thailand?
- 4) Where did the people belonging to the newly found civilization come from?

63-How many human skeletons have been discovered in Ban Chiang?

- | | | | |
|--------|--------|-------|--------|
| 1) 300 | 2) 126 | 3) 60 | 4) 200 |
|--------|--------|-------|--------|

PASSAGE 2:

Many ants forage across the countryside in large numbers and undertake mass migrations; these activities proceed because one ant lays a trail on the ground for the others to follow. As a worker ant returns home after finding a source of food, it marks the route by **intermittently** touching its stinger to the ground and depositing a tiny amount of trail pheromone – a mixture of chemicals that delivers diverse messages as the context changes. These trails incorporate no directional information and may be followed by other ants in either direction.

Unlike some other messages, such as **the one** arising from a dead ant, a food trail has to be kept secret from members of other species. It is not surprising then that ant species use a wide variety of compounds as trail pheromones. Ants can be extremely sensitive to these signals. Investigators working with the trail pheromone of the leafcutter ant *Atta Texana* calculated that one milligram of this substance would suffice to lead a column of ants three times around Earth.

The vapor of the evaporating pheromone over the trail, guides an ant along the way, and the ant detects this signal with receptors in its antennae. A trail pheromone will evaporate to furnish the highest concentration of vapor right over the trail, in what is called a vapor space. In following the trail, the ant moves to the right and left, oscillating from side to side across the line of the trail itself, bringing first one and then the other antenna into the vapor space. As the ant moves to the right, its left antenna arrives in the vapor space.

The signal it receives causes it to swing to the left, and the ant then pursues this new course until its right antenna reaches the vapor space. It then swings back to the right, and so weaves back and forth down the trail.

64-What does the passage mainly discuss?

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1) The mass migration of ants | 2) How ants mark and follow a chemical trail |
| 3) Different species of ants around the world | 4) The information contained in pheromones |

65- The word “intermittently” in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to

- | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|------------|------------|
| 1) periodically | 2) incorrectly | 3) rapidly | 4) roughly |
|-----------------|----------------|------------|------------|

66- The phrase “the one” in paragraph 2 refers to a single

- | | | | |
|------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|
| 1) message | 2) dead ant | 3) food trail | 4) member |
|------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|

67- According to the passage, why do ants use different compounds as trail pheromones?

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) To reduce their sensitivity to some chemicals | 2) To attract different types of ants |
| 3) To protect their trail from other species | 4) To indicate how far away the food is |

68- The author mentions the trail pheromone of the leafcutter ant in paragraph 2 to point out

- 1) how little pheromone is needed to mark a trail
- 2) the different types of pheromones ants can produce
- 3) a type of ant that is common in many parts of the world
- 4) that certain ants can produce up to one milligram of pheromone

69- According to the passage, how are ants guided by trail pheromones?

- 1) They concentrate on the smell of food.
- 2) They follow an ant who is familiar with the trail.
- 3) They avoid the vapor spaces by moving in a straight line.
- 4) They sense the vapor through their antennae.

70- According to the passage, the highest amount of pheromone vapor is found

- 1) in the receptors of the ants
- 2) just above the trail
- 3) in the source of food
- 4) under the soil along the trail


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