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آزمون «۷ فروردین ماه ۱۴۰۲»

دفترچهٔ اختصاصی منحصراً زبان

زمان پاسخگویی: ۱۰۵ دقیقه

تعداد کل سؤالات: ۲۰

اختصاصی				
زمان پاسخ گویی	شمارهٔ صفحه	شمارهٔ سؤال	تعداد سؤال	نام درس
۱۰۵ دقیقه	1-1	1 -Y•	٧٠	زبان انگلیس <mark>ی تفصص</mark> ی

<mark>بن</mark>یا<mark>د علمی آمو</mark>زشی قلمچی «وقف عام»

دفتر مركزى: خيابان انقلاب بين صبا و فلسطين – پلاک ٩٢٣ – تلفن: ٨٤٥١ –٢١٠

<mark>«تمام</mark> داراییها و د<mark>رآمدهای بنیاد علمی آموزشی قلمچی وقف عام است بر گسترش دانش و آموزش»</mark>



پدید آورندگان آزمون منحصراً زبان ۲ فروردین ماه ۲-۱۶

طراهان

	نام طراحان		نام درس
حمانی، سعید کاویانی، عقیل	، عادله حیدری، محمد شمسالدینی، آرمین ر	رحمتاله استيرى، محمد طاهرى	زبان تخصصي
اری	<mark>مسعود پیربداقی، حسین س</mark> الاریان، نیلوفر کشتی	محمدی روش، محمد جواد آقایی،	ربان تحسی

گزینشگران و ویراستاران

زبان انگلیسی تخصصی	نام درس
رحمتالله استيرى	گزینشگر
رحمتالله استيرى	مسئول درس
آرمین رحمانی، سعید آقچهلو، عقیل محمدیروش، محمدحسین مرتضوی	ويراستار

گروه فنی و تولیر

_	محدثه مرآتی	مديران گروه
	<mark>معصومه ش</mark> اعری	مسئول دفترچه
	مدیر: محیا اصغری	مستندسازی و مطابقت با مصوبات
	مس <mark>ئول دفترچه</mark> : مهریار لسانی	
	زهرا تاجیک	حروفنگاری <mark>و صفحه آر</mark>ایی
	حميد عباسي	ناظر چاپ

بنیاد علمی آموزشی قلمچی «وقف عام»

دفتر مرکزی: خیابان انقلاب بین صبا و فلسطین – پلاک ۹۲۳ –تلفن: ۶۲۶۳-۲۱-



فگذاری چند از ۱۰ برای آزمون امروز	چند از ۱۰ آزمون قبل هد
	eneath each sentence you will see four words or phrases
marked (1), (2), (3), and (4). Choose the one word or phi choice on your answer sheet.	rase that best completes the sentence. Then mark the correct
1-The director hastened to assure the committee	members that the press
1) would not inform	2) would not be informed
3) was not informing	4) was not be informed
2-The nature of viruses made them impossible t	to detect for many years even after bacteria and
studie <mark>d.</mark>	
1) had been discovered	2) had discovered
3) have discovered	4) has been discovered
	fficult to get used to with chopsticks like Chinese
people.	
1) eat	2) eating
3) being eaten	4) be eaten
4-My mother kindly asked one of my fr <mark>iends to s</mark> e	
1) whether	2) whose
3) which	4) how
	it was out of reach in her handbag when she was
attacked.	2) 11
1) was carrying	2) would carry
3) has carried	4) had carried
	orward the evening on such solitary activities as
reading and taking a long bubble bath.	2) 4
1) to spend	2) to spending
3) spending	4) in spending
money, but when I saw him doing the same thin	ed so earnest that I believed him and gave him some
1) deceived	2) is deceiving
3) has deceived	4) had deceived
8-Someone in the laboratory will analyze the bloo	,
1) for seeing if the patient has an illness	ou sample
2) to see if the patient has an illness	
3) to see if patient has an illness	
4) for seeing whether patient has an illness	
	cer players began training this year with a poor
attitude. If they their outlook, they will have	
1) do not change	2) are not changed
3) didn't change	4) weren't changed
	en very well taken care of as the original seats and
wallpaper since 1924.	, and the second
1) are being preserved	2) have preserved

3) have been preserved

3) to be

4) were preserved

11-..., she stood up and turned away from the people.

1) Her eyes were glistening with tears
2) With her eyes glistening with tears
3) With tears were her eyes glistened
4) Glistening with tears her eyes
12-With ... an unusual name, it was clear from the start that the director's film was going to be different. 2) so

1) such

4) like

4) is

3) as 13-What he was talking about in public ... something he should only talk about with his intimate

friends. 1) have been 2) which is

	the oldest postseason collegiate football game in the
United States.	
1) takes	2) it takes
3) which takes	4) took
15-While in reality Alpha Centauri is a triple star,	
1) it appears	2) but it appears
3) appears	4) despite it
Part B: Vocabulary	
Directions: Questions 16-35 are incomplete sentences. Benea	th each sentence you will see four words or phrases marked
	st completes the sentence. Then mark the correct choice on
your a <mark>nswer</mark> shee <mark>t.</mark>	
16-To comply with a city ordinance that barred th	e sale of the books, the literature pieces were in a
city landfill.	
1) carried	2) spoiled
3) buried	4) surmounted
17-Parents hailed the removal of masks as the	of a new era in which children can begin to learn
normally again.	
1) argument	2) incorporation
3) infantry	4) dawning
18-Typical practice is for children to walk with the	e herds, from the village and return the animals
at night.	
1) stray	2) ponder
3) generate	4) derive
	vid-19 usually remains—a state called inactive
infection that is not contagious.	
1) recurrent	2) frigid
3) rhythmical	4) latent
20-The country must use sanctions because it m	
1) fortunately	2) cautiously
3) symbolically	4) solely
	plants as they help them grow by transferring pollen
between flowering plants.	
1) cultivation	2) motivation
3) pretension	4) distribution
	etween the individual electrical in the house and
the main electric switchboard or fusebox.	
1) crafts	2) circumstances
3) features	4) appliances
	to state, but they all aim at enabling the voters to
exercise a free and unfettered voice in the select	
1) vary	2) decline
3) fade	4) convert
movements of the muscles.	rts of the brain, is in charge of control <mark>ling and</mark>
1) coordinating	2) tracing
	2) tracing
3) furnishing	4) nourishing from boating activities have recently become
increasingly sensitive issues as they have affecte	d the environment areatly
1) humid	2) recreational
3) resourceful	4) flexible
	s written on the body, as a/an of the laughter and
sorrow a person has experienced in life.	s written on the body, as a/an of the laughter and
1) irritation	2) profession
3) indication	4) transmission
	, it is important to select members whose skills
those of other team members.	, it is important to select inclined s whose skills
1) complement	2) illustrate
3) investigate	4) suspend
	elopment programs are key to unlocking the
potential of employees.	copinent programs are key to uniocking the
1) minimal	2) irrelevant
3) rational	4) untapped

29-Wind and solar power offer viable to conver	ntional energy sources such as oil and coal.		
1) components	2) alternatives		
3) deviations	4) survivals		
30-The three ca <mark>ndidates fo</mark> r the jo <mark>b were all equa</mark>	lly qualified, so the employer made a/an decision		
to hire the first one.			
1) external	2) compatible		
3) identical	4) arbitrary		
31-Good managers aim to provide their employe	es with good working conditions and levels of pay		
high enough to their motivation.			
1) refine	2) prioritize		
3) advocate	4) sustain		
32-Worldwide protests against the French governm	nent are being organized in to their announcement		
of the resumption of nuclear testing in the Sout	h Pacific.		
1) reason	2) response		
3) result	4) base		
33-With its ability to change color to blend in wit	h its background, the chameleon is able to achieve a		
state nearing			
1) invisibility	2) popularity		
3) fertility	4) probability		
34- The interview would have be <mark>en more producti</mark>	ve if the questions had been more precisely.		
1) sacrificed	2) consoled		
3) participated	4) framed		
35-You should keep where you live secre <mark>t from those pe</mark> ople, so beware of saying anything that might			
your location.			
1) shrink	2) dwell		
3) reveal	4) attract		
art C: Sentence Structure			

Directions: Choose the sentence with the best word order for each of the following series. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

- 1) When the food was examined closely and scientifically, it was found to contain harmful bacteria.
- 2) By examining the food was closely and scientifically, it found to contain harmful bacteria.
- 3) Examining the food closely and scientifically, it found to contain harmful bacteria.
- 4) To examine the food closely and scientifically, when it was found to contain harmful bacteria.

37-

- 1) Some elements change their chemical composition as they mixed to water.
- 2) Some element changes its chemical composition when they mixing with water.
- 3) Some element changes its chemical composition is mixing to water.
- 4) Some elements change their chemical composition when mixed with water.

38-

- 1) In spite of all the progress it has made in the last 50 years or so, medical science still knows little about
- 2) In spite of all the progress it is made in the last 50 years or so, medical science still has known little about the brain.
- 3) In spite of all the progress it was made in the last 50 years or so, medical science still had known little about the brain.
- 4) In spite of all the progress it would make in the last 50 years or so, medical science still has been known little about the brain.

39-

- 1) Thanks to modern medicine and technology, the number of years a person is likely to live have increased by a great deal.
- 2) The number of years a person is likely to live has increased a great deal thanks to modern medicine and technology.
- 3) To increase the number of years a person is likely to live a great deal thanks to modern medicine and
- 4) A person is likely to live a great deal for the number of years which increased thanks to modern medicine and technology.

40-

- 1) Brian is studying the techniques using to change the genetic composition of a cell that they change certain characteristics be inherited.
- 2) Brian is studying the techniques are used to change the genetic composition of a cell in order to change certain characteristics which can inherit.
- 3) Brian is studying the techniques used to change the genetic composition of a cell so as to change certain characteristics which can be inherited.
- 4) Brian is studying the techniques which used to change the genetic composition of a cell such that change certain characteristics can inherit.

Part D: Language Function

Directions: Read the following conversations between two people and answer the questions about the conversations by choosing one of the choices (1), (2), (3), or (4). Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

- A: May I ...(41)... with some chili and cheese baked potatoes?
- B: Why? Come on! ...(42)... is baked potatoes!
- A: But it is high in potassium. It's a nutrient that many of us can ...(43)....
- B: I'd order a meal. Please, ...(44)... those potatoes for me.
- 41- 1) pick up the tab
 - 3) start you off
- 42- 1) My hands are tied
 - 3) Hop on
- 43- 1) run short of
 - 3) leave a lot to be desired
- 44- 1) take my word for
 - 3) wrap up
- A: Bob, how did the baking go? B: Slow at first, but we're getting the ...(45)... of it.
- **45-** 1) hang

55- 1) innovation

2) handle

2) run over

4) Break out

4) take a peek

4) reach an agreement

2) The last thing I need

2) have an opening

2) give you a ring

4) come down with

4) shot

3) show Part E: Cloze Test

Directions: Read the following passage and decide which choice (1), (2), (3), or (4) best fits each space. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

Although we lack accurate statistics about child mortality in the pre-industrial period, we do have evidence that in the 1660s, the mortality rate for children who died within 14 days of birth was as much as 30 percent. Nearly all families ...(46)... some premature deaths. Since all parents expected to bury some of their children, ...(47)... difficult to invest in their newborn children. Moreover, ...(48)... from the emotional consequences of children's death, parents avoided making any emotional commitment to a/an ...(49)....

The 18th century witnessed the transformation from an agrarian economy to an industrial one, one of the vital social ...(50)... the Western world. An increasing number of people moved from their villages and small towns to big cities where life was ...(51).... Social supports which had previously existed in smaller communities were replaced by ruthless problems such as poverty, crime, substandard housing and disease. ...(52)... the need for additional income to support the family, young children from the poorest families were forced into early employment and thus their childhood became ...(53)... . Children as young as 7 might be required to work full-time, ...(54)... to unpleasant and unhealthy circumstances. Although such a role has disappeared in most wealthy countries, the ...(55)... of childhood employment still remains common in underdeveloped countries and rarely disappeared entirely.

	anu rarciy uisappeareu e	nui ciy.		
46-	1) proved	2) suffered	3) devoted	4) invaded
47-	1) they found it	2) finding it	3) it found	4) which found
48-	1) they protected them		2) protected themselves	
	3) to protect themselves		4) protecting them	
49-	1) delusion	2) infant	3) thrill	4) remedy
50-	1) places taking in		2) in places took changing	
	3) changes taking place in	n	4) changes take place in	
51-	1) a bed of roses	2) quite different	3) a walk in the park	4) in the same boat
52-	1) Due to	2) Despite	3) Although	4) Because
53-	1) safe and sound	2) in need	3) painfully short	4) dead or alive
54-	1) who subjected	2) subjected	3) they were subjected	4) subjecting

3) caution

4) practice

Part F: Reading Comprehension

<u>Directions:</u> In this part of the test, you will read three passages. Each passage is followed by some questions. Answer the questions about the passages by choosing the best choice (1), (2), (3), or (4). Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

PASSAGE 1:

Humanity's primal efforts to systematize the concepts of size, shape, and number are usually regarded as the earliest mathematics. However, the concept of number and the counting process developed so long before the time of recorded history (there is archaeological evidence that counting was employed by humans as far back as 50,000 years ago) that the manner of this development is largely conjectural. Imagining how it probably came about is not difficult. The argument that humans, even in prehistoric times, had some number sense, at least to the extent of recognizing the concepts of more and less when some objects were added to or taken away from a small group, seems fair, for studies have shown that some animals possess such a sense.

With the gradual evolution of society, simple counting became imperative. A tribe had to know how many members and how many enemies it had, and a shepherd needed to know if the flock of sheep was decreasing in size. Probably the earliest way of keeping a count was by some simple tally method, employing the principle of one-to-one correspondence. In keeping a count of sheep, for example, one finger per sheep could be turned under. Counts could also be maintained by making scratches in the dirt or on a stone, by cutting notches in a piece of wood, or by tying knots in a string.

Then, perhaps later, an assortment of vocal sounds was developed as a word tally against the number of objects in a small group. And still later, with the refinement of writing, a set of signs was devised to stand for these numbers. Such an imagined development is supported by reports of anthropologists in their studies of present-day societies that are thought to be similar to those of early humans.

56- What does the passage mainly discuss?

- 1) The efforts of early humans to care for herds of animals
- 2) The development of writing
- 3) The beginnings of mathematics
- 4) Similarities in number sense between humans and animals
- 57- The word "conjectural" in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to
 - 1) complex

2) based on guessing

3) unbelievable

4) supported by careful research

58- Why does the author mention animals in paragraph 1?

- 1) To support a theory about the behavior of early humans
- 2) To identify activities that are distinctly human
- 3) To illustrate the limits of a historical record of human development
- 4) To establish that early human kept domesticated animals
- 59- The pronoun "it" in paragraph 2 refers to
 - 1) evolution
- 2) counting
- 3) tribe
- 4) shepherd

60- Which of the following conclusions is supported by the passage?

- 1) Counting processes did not develop until after writing became widespread.
- 2) Early counting methods required herds of animals.
- 3) Mathematics has remained unchanged since ancient times.
- 4) Early humans first counted because of necessity.

PASSAGE 2:

In 1983, a new type of phonograph disc reached the marketplace, which showed the promise of eventually taking over the recording industry. It was called the compact disc and made use of two technical systems: digital recording and laser beams. At the time of the technology's introduction in 1982, a CD could store much more data than a personal computer hard drive, which would typically hold 10 MB. By 2010, hard drives commonly offered as much storage space as a thousand CDs, while their prices had plummeted to commodity level. In 2004, worldwide sales of audio CDs, CD-ROMs and CD-Rs reached about 30 billion discs. By 2007, 200 billion CDs had been sold worldwide. All recording until the advent of the compact disc was analog recording, which recorded the vibrations of sound waves on a track. With analog recording, there was always a bit of slippage, which added distortion. Digital recording is a completely different process, one in which the distortion is so small that it can be said to be effectively eliminated. Thus the fidelity of the compact disc is extremely high.

Because the indentations on the compact disc pass under a laser beam, no solid device is in contact with the disc, and therefore there is no friction. With a minimum of care, the compact disc should last indefinitely. This is in contrast to the relatively short life of an analog recording. Another advantage of the compact disc is the system of identifying numbers that allows for random access to any song on the recording with the push of a button. Because of the improved qualities and advantages of the compact disc, its production has increased significantly since its introduction. Although analog recording continues, it is expected to be relegated to a nostalgic past as the CD becomes the recording format of the future.

61-	What is the	author's purpose in writing	this passage?	
	1) To criticiz	e analog recording		
	2) To compar	re recent improvements in rec	cording	
	3) To present	the advantages of the compa	ct disc	
	4) To support	the idea of change in the mu	sic industry	
62-	The paragra	ph that precedes this passas	ge most likely deals with	
	1) nostalgia i	n the 1990s	2) recording methods b	pefore 1983
	3) the other u	ses of laser beams	4) major stars in the re	cording industry
63-	Which of the	following is NOT mentione	ed as an advantage of the compa	act disc?
	1) Long life	S	2) Small distortion	
	3) High-quali	ity sound	4) The number of song	s on a recording
64-	The tone of	the passage could best be de	scribed as	
	1) positive	2) negative	3) humorous	4) argumentative
65-	According to	the passage, it can be conc	luded that	
	1) compact d	iscs require a lot of special ca	ire	
	2) analog rec	ords will eventually be difficu	ult to obtain	
	3) people did	n't enjoy good music until the	e advent of the compact disc	
	4) people wil	l eventually stop buying com	pact discs because they last indefi	initely
	PÁSSÁGE 3:	, , , ,		,
	During the se	eventeenth and eighteenth c	enturies, almost nothing was w	ritten about the co
			the early history of the newly f	
			ate of novem woman wore not	

ntributions es. Lacking ote and absent from the seats of power, women were not considered an important force in history. Anne Bradstreet wrote some significant poetry in the seventeenth century, Mercy Otis Warren produced the best contemporary history of the American Revolution, and Abigail Adams penned important letters showing that she exercised great political influence over her husband, John, the second President of the United States. But little or no notice was taken of these contributions. During these centuries, women remained invisible in history books.

Throughout the nineteenth century, this lack of visibility continued, despite the efforts of female authors writing about women. These writers, like most of their male counterparts, were amateur historians. Their writings were celebratory in nature, and they were uncritical in their selection and use of sources.

During the nineteenth century, however, certain feminists showed a keen sense of history by keeping records of activities in which women were engaged. National, regional, and local women's organizations compiled accounts of their doings. Personal correspondence, newspaper clippings, and souvenirs were saved and stored. These sources form the core of the two greatest collections of women's history in the United States: one at the Elizabeth and Arthur Schlesinger Library at Radcliffe College, and the other the Sophia Smith Collection at Smith College. Such sources have provided valuable materials for later generations of historians.

Despite the gathering of more information about ordinary women during the nineteenth century, most of the writing about women conformed to the "great women" theory of history, just as much of mainstream American history concentrated on "great men." To demonstrate that women were making significant contributions to American life, female authors singled out women leaders and wrote biographies, and important women produced their autobiographies. Most of these leaders were involved in public life as reformers, activists working for women's right to vote, or authors, and were not representative at all of the great mass of ordinary women. The lives of ordinary people continued, generally, to be untold in the American histories being published.

3) counterparts

4) distinctive

What does the passage mainly discuss?

- 1) The role of literature in early American histories
- 2) The place of American women in written histories
- 3) The keen sense of history shown by American women
- 4) The "great women" approach to history used by American historians

67- In the first paragraph, Bradstreet, Warren, and Adams are mentioned to show that

- 1) a woman's status was changed by marriage
- 2) even the contributions of outstanding women were ignored
- 3) only three women were able to get their writings published
- 4) poetry produced by women was more readily accepted than other writings by women

68- The pronoun "they" in paragraph 2 refers to

- 2) sources 69- In paragraph 2, what weakness in nineteenth-century histories does the author point out? 1) They put too much emphasis on daily activities.
 - 2) They left out discussion of the influence of money on politics. 3) The sources of the information they were based on were not necessarily accurate.

4) They were printed on poor quality paper. The word "representative" in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to

2) satisfied 1) typical 3) supportive

آزمون شناختی ۷ فروردین ۱۴۰۲

دانش آموز عزيز!

اگر در آزمونهای قبلی به سوالات آمادگی شناختی پاسخ دادهاید از وضعیت پایه آمادگی شناختی خود بر اساس کارنامه آگاهی دارید. در این آزمون برنامههای حمایتی ما برای تقویت سازههای شناختی ادامه می یابد. این برنامه ارائه راهکارهای هفتگی و پایش مداوم دانش شناختی است. لطفا برای سنجش آگاهی خود به سوالات پاسخ نامه تشریحی را مطالعه فرمائید. توجه: سوالات از شماره ۲۶۱ شروع می شود.

۲۶۱. کدام گزینه <mark>درست است؟</mark>

۱. توانایی شناختی ما ذاتی است و نمی تواند با تمرین تغییر کند.

۲. توانایی شناختی ما تقویت پذیر است و می تواند با تمرین بهتر شود.

۳. هیچ کدام ۴. نمی دانم

۲۶۲. کدام <mark>سوال را برای یادگیری مفید میدانید؟</mark>

٢. "چه چيزي مي خواهم بدانم؟" قبل از مطالعه

۲. مروری بر مطالب درسی است.

۱. "چه چیزی میدانم؟" قبل از مطالعه

۴. همه موارد

۳. "چه چیزی یادگرفتم؟" پس ا<mark>ز مطالعه</mark>

۲۶۳. کدام یک از موارد زیر در مورد آزم<mark>ون صحیح است؟</mark>

۱. موجب آگاهی ما از وضعیت یادگیری خود<mark>مان میشود.</mark>

۳. باعث افزایش انگیزه برای یادگیری میشود.

۲۶. کدام مورد به عنوان انگیزاننده مطالعه مفید اس<mark>ت؟</mark>

۱. خیال پردازی در مورد هدف آینده

۲. پایش مستمر پیشرفت خود بر اثر تلاش

۳. هر دو مورد

۴. هیچکدام

۲. کدام یک از مراحل زیر برای حل یک مساله/ مشکل کمک کننده است؟

۲. نوشتن کلیه راه حلهای ممکن

۴. همه موارد

١. نوشتن ابعاد مختلف مساله

۴. همه موارد

۳. ارزشگذاری راه حلها

۲۶۶. کدام راه حل را برای مدیریت موانع قابل پیشبینی در برنامهریزی مناسب می دانید؟

۲. تعیین پاسخهای احتمالی قبل از شروع برنامه

۱. برنامهریزی م<mark>جدد</mark>

۴. تسلیم شدن در برابر مانع

۳. انکار مانع

۲۶۷<mark>. کدام مورد</mark> موجب سازگ<mark>اری با</mark> شرایط جدید میشود؟

۲. تلاش برای حفظ منطقه امن اطراف خود

۱. استقبال از یادگیری جدید

۴. همه موارد

۳. مقاومت به تغییر

۲۶۸. در شرایط غیر قابل پیش بینی کدام مورد را مفید میدانید؟

۲. پیدا کردن نکات مثبت شرایط جدید

۱. یادگیری از دیگران

۴. همه موارد

۳. ارزشمند دانستن خطاها

۲۶۹. کدام گزینه در مورد خواندن چند موضوع درسی در یک روز درست است؟

به هم میریزد. ۲. مناسب است چون موجب ان<mark>عطاف</mark> ما در یادگیری میشود.

مناسب نیست چون تمرکز ما را به هم میریزد.

۴. نمیدانم

۳. فرقی ندارد

۲۷۰. یکی از گزینه های زیر را د<mark>ر مور</mark>د سوالات امروز انتخاب کنید.

۱. مفید بود و انتظار دارم این آگاهی من را در یادگیری مطالب درسی کمک کند.

٢. مايل به دريافت اطلاعات، راهبردها و تكاليف تقويتي بيشتر هستم.

۳. هر دو ۴. هیچکدام



- 🕢 دانلود گام به گام تمام دروس
- 🕢 دانلود آزمون های قلم چی و گاج + پاسخنامه
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